The **OpenVX™** S16 Extension

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Chapter 1

Introduction

1.1 Overview of Extension

This extension is intended to define the subset of behaviors and data types of the signed 16-bit support for OpenVX.

1.2 Changes to the OpenVX 1.1 Specification

The S16 extension enhances the input and output types per each kernel defined in the OpenVX 1.1 standard. The table below indicates the changes to each kernel for input and output.

Input and output argument types should be the same (e.g. input S16 and output S16) unless stated otherwise in the function description. In cases where having S16 inputs could lead to the overflow of S16 outputs, the behavior is analogous to what is currently in the standard for when the inputs are U8.

In the main standard, where the input is U8 and the output is also U8, then the output is converted according to the overflow policy in the function definition. Analogously, for this extension, where the inputs and outputs are both S16, the output is converted as necessary according to the overflow policy in the function definition.

In the main standard, where the input can be U8 and the output S16, the zero-extended answer is just written into the output. Analogously, for this extension, where the input can be S16 and the output S32, the sign-bit-extended result is written to the output.

1.2.1 Inputs

Vision Function	U8	U16	S16	U32	S32	F32	color
AbsDiff	1.0		1.0.1				
Accumulate	1.0		ext				
AccumulateSquared	1.0		ext				
AccumulateWeighted	1.0		ext				
Add	1.0		1.0				
And	1.0		ext				
Box3x3	1.0		ext				
CannyEdgeDetector	1.0		ext				

ChannelCombine	1.0						
ChannelExtract							1.0
ColorConvert							1.0
ConvertDepth	1.0	ext	1.0	ext	ext		
Convolve	1.0		ext				
Dilate3x3	1.0						
EqualizeHistogram	1.0		ext				
Erode3x3	1.0						
FastCorners	1.0		ext				
Gaussian3x3	1.0		ext				
HarrisCorners	1.0		ext				
HalfScaleGaussian	1.0		ext				
Histogram	1.0		ext				
IntegralImage	1.0						
TableLookup	1.0		1.1				
LaplacianPyramid	1.1						
LaplacianReconstruct			1.1				
Magnitude			1.0				
MeanStdDev	1.0		ext				
Median3x3	1.0		ext				
MinMaxLoc	1.0		1.0				
Multiply	1.0		1.0				
NonLinearFilter	1.1						
Not	1.0		ext				
OpticalFlowPyrLK	1.0		ext				
Or	1.0		ext				
Phase			1.0				
GaussianPyramid	1.0		ext				

Remap	1.0		ext				
Scale↩ Image	1.0		ext				
Sobel3x3	1.0		ext				
Subtract	1.0		1.0				
Threshold	1.0		ext				
WarpAffine	1.0		ext				
Warp↩ Perspective	1.0		ext				
Xor	1.0		ext				

1.2.2 Outputs

Vision Function	U8	U16	S16	U32	S32	F32	color
AbsDiff	1.0	ext	1.0.1				
Accumu- late			1.0		ext		
Accumulate↩ Squared			1.0		ext		
Accumulate↩ Weighted	1.0				ext		
Add	1.0		1.0		ext		
And	1.0		ext				
Box3x3	1.0		ext				
Canny↩ Edge↩ Detector	1.0		ext				
Channel↩ Combine							1.0
Channel↩ Extract	1.0						
Color↩ Convert							1.0
Convert↩ Depth	1.0	ext	1.0	ext	ext		
Convolve	1.0		1.0		ext		
Dilate3x3	1.0						
Equalize↩ Histogram	1.0		ext				
Erode3x3	1.0						
Fast↩ Corners	1.0						
Gaus- sian3x3	1.0		ext				
Harris↩ Corners	1.0						
Half↩ Scale↩ Gaussian	1.0		ext				

Histogram				1.0			
Integral Image				1.0			
Table Lookup	1.0		1.1				
Laplacian Pyramid			1.1				
Laplacian Reconstruct	1.1						
Magnitude			1.0				
MeanStd Dev						1.0	
Median3x3	1.0		ext				
MinMax Loc	1.0		1.0	1.0			
Multiply	1.0		1.0		ext		
Non Linear Filter	1.1						
Not	1.0		ext				
Optical FlowPyr LK							
Or	1.0		ext				
Phase	1.0						
Gaussian Pyramid	1.0		ext				
Remap	1.0		ext				
Scale Image	1.0		ext				
Sobel3x3			1.0		ext		
Subtract	1.0		1.0		ext		
Threshold	1.0		ext				
WarpAffine	1.0		ext				
Warp Perspective	1.0		ext				
Xor	1.0		ext				

1.2.3 Vision Functions

The following sections describe additional changes and clarifications to existing kernel definitions beyond those already described in sections Inputs and Outputs.

Bitwise Operations

Referring to: AND, EXCLUSIVE OR, INCLUSIVE OR, and NOT.

All bit-wise operations on signed operands are executed in twos-complement representation of the values.

Custom Convolution

The current spec says if the input type is U8 and the output type is S16, then the output is simply the sum/scale. However, if the output type is U8, then the output saturates on both ends: 0 if sum/scale $<$ 0, and 255 if sum/scale $>$ 255. Analogously, S16 outputs should saturate to -32768 if sum/scale $<$ -32768, and 32767 if sum/scale $>$ 32767, and just sum/scale otherwise.

For VX_DF_IMAGE_S16 output, an additional step is taken:

$$output(x,y) = \begin{cases} -32768 & \text{if } sum/scale < -32768 \\ 32767 & \text{if } sum/scale > 32767 \\ sum/scale & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

For VX_DF_IMAGE_S32 output, the summation is simply set to the output

$$output(x,y) = sum/scale$$

Fast Corners

When the input image is of type VX_DF_IMAGE_S16, the value of the intensity difference threshold *strength_thresh*. of type VX_TYPE_FLOAT32 must be within:

$$UINT16_{MIN} < t < UINT16_{MAX}$$