

OpenWF Composition 1.0 API Quick Reference Card



OpenWF Composition® is a standardized API for compositing and serves as a high-level interface for two-dimensional composition used in embedded and/or mobile devices. Target users are windowing systems, system integrators etc. The API is implementable on top of a wide range of hardware. The header file to include is `<WF/wfc.h>`

- `[n.n.n]` refers to the section in the API Specification available at www.khronos.org/openwfi/.
- **Blue** are datatypes defined in the WFC spec.
- (r/w) – read/writable (r) – read only
- **Brown** are constant values defined in the WFC spec.
- *Italic* are parameter names in function declarations

Errors [2.11] – of type `WFCErrorCode`

Errors codes and their numerical values are defined by the `WFCErrorCode` enumeration could be retrived by the following function:

`WFCErrorCode wfcGetError(WFCDevice dev).`

The possible values are as follows:

<code>WFC_ERROR_NONE</code>	<code>WFC_ERROR_OUT_OF_MEMORY</code>
<code>WFC_ERROR_ILLEGAL_ARGUMENT</code>	<code>WFC_ERROR_UNSUPPORTED</code>
<code>WFC_ERROR_BAD_ATTRIBUTE</code>	<code>WFC_ERROR_IN_USE</code>
<code>WFC_ERROR_BUSY</code>	<code>WFC_ERROR_BAD_DEVICE</code>
<code>WFC_ERROR_BAD_HANDLE</code>	<code>WFC_ERROR_INCONSISTENCY</code>

Functions that returns handles could return the following error:

`WFC_INVALID_HANDLE` [2.6]

Device - A `WFCDevice`[3] is an abstract device that is capable of performing composition operations, typically a unit of graphics hardware. Devices can vary in their support for specific input and output formats.

Device Attributes [4.1] of type `WFCDeviceAttrib`

<code>WFC_DEVICE_CLASS</code>	(r) - supports on-screen or not.
<code>WFC_DEVICE_ID</code>	(r) – the ID of the device – could be <code>WFC_DEFAULT_DEVICE_ID</code>

Device Class [4.1.1] of type `WFCDeviceClass`

<code>WFC_DEVICE_CLASS_FULLY_CAPABLE</code>	Support both on- and off-screen rendering
<code>WFC_DEVICE_CLASS_OFF_SCREEN_ONLY</code>	No on-screen compositing

`WFCint wfcEnumerateDevices(WFCint *deviceIds, WFCint deviceIdsCount, const WFCint *filterList)`

Populate a list of available devices with respect to the filter-list (could be `WFC_NONE`).

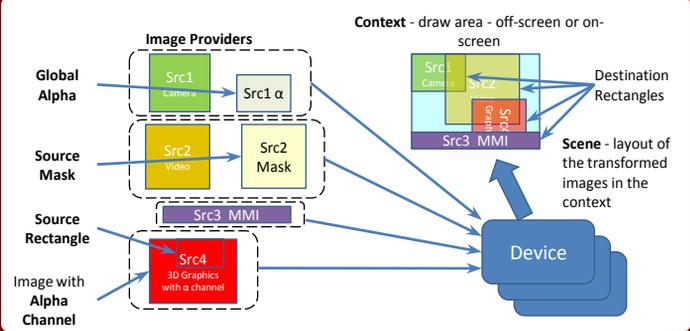
`WFCDevice wfcCreateDevice(WFCint deviceId, const WFCint *attribList)`

Create a device with a known ID - could use `WFC_DEFAULT_DEVICE_ID`.

`WFCint wfcGetDeviceAttribi(WFCDevice dev, WFCDeviceAttrib attrib)`

Retrieve capabilities for a specific device.

`WFCErrorCode wfcDestroyDevice(WFCDevice dev)`
Delete a specific device.



Context - A `WFCContext`[5] stands for a visual scene description applied to either an on-screen or off-screen target. It represents the state required for a device to be used for composition of a scene. A scene consists of a stack of **Elements**, added on top of `WFC_CONTEXT_LOWEST_ELEMENT`. (See **Element Ordering**.) A Context is permanently bound to a target.

Context Attributes [5.1] of type `WFCContextAttrib`

<code>WFC_CONTEXT_TYPE</code>	(r) On-screen or off-screen
<code>WFC_CONTEXT_TARGET_HEIGHT</code>	(r) Size of the destination in pixels
<code>WFC_CONTEXT_TARGET_WIDTH</code>	(r) Size of the destination in pixels
<code>WFC_CONTEXT_LOWEST_ELEMENT</code>	(r) Reference to bottom element
<code>WFC_CONTEXT_ROTATION</code>	(r/w) Rotation from src to dest
<code>WFC_CONTEXT_BG_COLOR</code>	(r/w) RGBA vector – $0 \leq \text{value} \leq 1$

Context type [5.1.1] of type `WFCContextType`

<code>WFC_CONTEXT_TYPE_ON_SCREEN</code>
<code>WFC_CONTEXT_TYPE_OFF_SCREEN</code>

Rotation [5.1.4] – also used for element rotation

<code>WFC_ROTATION_0</code>	No rotation
<code>WFC_ROTATION_90</code>	Rotate 90 degrees clockwise
<code>WFC_ROTATION_180</code>	Rotate 180 degrees clockwise
<code>WFC_ROTATION_270</code>	Rotate 270 degrees clockwise

Context Creation and Destruction [5.1], [5.3] and [5.7]

`WFCContext wfcCreateOnScreenContext(WFCDevice dev, WFCint screenNumber, const WFCint *attribList)`

`WFCContext wfcCreateOffScreenContext(WFCDevice dev, WFCNativeStreamType stream, const WFCint *attribList)`

The offscreen context requires a stream to render into.

`void wfcDestroyContext(WFCDevice dev, WFCContext ctx)`

Commit Context Attribute Changes [5.4]

`void wfcCommit(WFCDevice dev, WFCContext ctx, WFCboolean wait)`
NOTE -Changes in attributes will take effect when calling `wfcCommit`.

Query Context Attributes [5.5] – single value / vector of values

`WFCint wfcGetContextAttribi(WFCDevice dev, WFCContext ctx, WFCContextAttrib attrib)`

`void wfcGetContextAttribfv(WFCDevice dev, WFCContext ctx, WFCContextAttrib attrib, WFCint count, WFCfloat *values)`

Set Context Attributes [5.6] – single value / vector of values

`void wfcSetContextAttribi(WFCDevice dev, WFCContext ctx, WFCContextAttrib attrib, WFCint value)`

`void wfcSetContextAttribfv(WFCDevice dev, WFCContext ctx, WFCContextAttrib attrib, WFCint count, const WFCfloat *values)`

OpenWF Composition 1.0 API Quick Reference Card

Image Providers - input to composition.

No valid attributes defined in the spec.

Source inputs [6.1] - WFCSource image data – could contain alpha
WFCSource **wfcCreateSourceFromStream**(WFCDevice dev, WFCContext ctx, WFCNativeStreamType stream, const WFCint *attribList)

void **wfcDestroySource**(WFCDevice dev, WFCSource src)

Mask inputs [6.2] - WFCMask per-pixel opacity data
WFCMask **wfcCreateMaskFromStream**(WFCDevice dev, WFCContext ctx, WFCNativeStreamType stream, const WFCint *attribList)

void **wfcDestroyMask**(WFCDevice dev, WFCMask mask)

Synchronization [9] – compositing and other EGL client APIs

could be synchronized using EGLSyncObjects

void **wfcFence**(WFCDevice dev, WFCContext ctx, WFCGLDisplay dpy, WFCGLSync sync)

Composition Elements [7] – of type WFCElement

A scene consists of zero or more Elements stacked over a background plane. Composition is equivalent to blending each Element on top of the destination buffer according to the relative ordering of the Elements with respect to alpha or mask (WFCTransparencyType). The result of composition is a 2D image. The source data, that is content of source rectangle, is transformed to match destination rectangle with respect to color format and size (using

WFC_ELEMENT_SOURCE_SCALE_FILTER).

WFCElementAttrib [7.1]

WFC_ELEMENT_DESTINATION_RECTANGLE	(r/w) Placement of transformed image in context coordinates
WFC_ELEMENT_SOURCE	(r/w) Handle to image provider
WFC_ELEMENT_SOURCE_RECTANGLE	(r/w) Sub area in source coordinates
WFC_ELEMENT_SOURCE_FLIP	(r/w) Flipping the source or not
WFC_ELEMENT_SOURCE_ROTATION	(r/w) Rotation in 90 degrees angles
WFC_ELEMENT_SOURCE_SCALE_FILTER	(r/w) Quality of scaling
WFC_ELEMENT_TRANSPARENCY_TYPES	(r/w) Blending type for this element
WFC_ELEMENT_GLOBAL_ALPHA	(r/w) Apply global alpha
WFC_ELEMENT_MASK	(r/w) Handle to mask source

WFCScaleFilter [7.1.6]

WFC_SCALE_FILTER_NONE	Nearest-neighbor replication (required)
WFC_SCALE_FILTER_FASTER	Low resource requirements (optional)
WFC_SCALE_FILTER_BETTER	High quality filtering (optional)

WFCTransparencyType [7.1.7] - bitfield

WFC_TRANSPARENCY_NONE	0 (default)
WFC_TRANSPARENCY_ELEMENT_GLOBAL_ALPHA	(1 << 0)
WFC_TRANSPARENCY_SOURCE	(1 << 1)
WFC_TRANSPARENCY_MASK	(1 << 2)

Only the following combinations of transparency are possible:

- WFC_TRANSPARENCY_ELEMENT_GLOBAL_ALPHA | WFC_TRANSPARENCY_SOURCE
- WFC_TRANSPARENCY_ELEMENT_GLOBAL_ALPHA | WFC_TRANSPARENCY_MASK

Rendering [8] – Note context inactive when created.

User driven compositing – call wfcCompose for every frame to render.

void **wfcCompose**(WFCDevice dev, WFCContext ctx, WFCboolean wait)

Autonomous compositing – implementation decides when rendering is needed when context is active.

void **wfcActivate**(WFCDevice dev, WFCContext ctx)

void **wfcDeactivate**(WFCDevice dev, WFCContext ctx)

Renderer and extension information [10]

WFCint **wfcGetStrings**(WFCDevice dev, WFCStringID name, const char **strings, WFCint stringsCount)

WFCboolean **wfclsExtensionSupported**(WFCDevice dev, const char *string)

Attribute Creation and Destruction [7.1] and [7.6]

WFCElement **wfcCreateElement**(WFCDevice dev, WFCContext ctx, const WFCint *attribList)

void **wfcDestroyElement**(WFCDevice dev, WFCElement element)

Querying Element Attributes [7.3] single value / vector of values

WFCint **wfcGetElementAttribi**(WFCDevice dev, WFCElement element, WFCElementAttrib attrib)

WFCfloat **wfcGetElementAttribf**(WFCDevice dev, WFCElement element, WFCElementAttrib attrib)

void **wfcGetElementAttribiv**(WFCDevice dev, WFCElement element, WFCElementAttrib attrib, WFCint count, WFCint *values)

void **wfcGetElementAttribfv**(WFCDevice dev, WFCElement element, WFCElementAttrib attrib, WFCint count, WFCfloat *values)

Setting Element Attributes [7.4] single value / vector of values

void **wfcSetElementAttribi**(WFCDevice dev, WFCElement element, WFCElementAttrib attrib, WFCint value)

void **wfcSetElementAttribf**(WFCDevice dev, WFCElement element, WFCElementAttrib attrib, WFCfloat value)

void **wfcSetElementAttribiv**(WFCDevice dev, WFCElement element, WFCElementAttrib attrib, WFCint count, const WFCint *values)

void **wfcSetElementAttribfv**(WFCDevice dev, WFCElement element, WFCElementAttrib attrib, WFCint count, const WFCfloat *values)

Element Ordering [7.5] – layering of images in the scene graph

wfcInsertElement() with a subordinate of **WFC_INVALID_HANDLE** inserts the element at the bottom of the scene

void **wfcInsertElement**(WFCDevice dev, WFCElement element, WFCElement subordinate)

void **wfcRemoveElement**(WFCDevice dev, WFCElement element)

WFCElement **wfcGetElementAbove**(WFCDevice dev, WFCElement element)

WFCElement **wfcGetElementBelow**(WFCDevice dev, WFCElement element)



The Khronos Group is an industry consortium creating open standards for authoring and acceleration of parallel computing, Graphics and dynamic media on a wide variety of platforms and devices.

See www.khronos.org/openwf to learn more about the Khronos Group. And OpenWF