

OpenCL (Open Computing Language) is a multi-vendor open standard for general-purpose parallel programming of heterogeneous systems that include CPUs, GPUs and other processors. OpenCL provides a uniform programming environment for software developers to write efficient, portable code for high-performance compute servers, desktop computer systems and handheld devices.

[n.n.n] refers to the section in the API Specification available at www.khronos.org/opencvl.

The OpenCL Runtime

Command Queues [5.1]

```
cl_command_queue clCreateCommandQueue (
    cl_context context, cl_device_id device,
    cl_command_queue_properties properties,
    cl_int *errcode_ret)
```

properties: CL_QUEUE_PROFILING_ENABLE,
CL_QUEUE_OUT_OF_ORDER_EXEC_MODE_ENABLE

```
cl_int clRetainCommandQueue (cl_command_queue
    command_queue)
```

```
cl_int clReleaseCommandQueue (cl_command_queue
    command_queue)
```

```
cl_int clGetCommandQueueInfo (
    cl_command_queue command_queue,
    cl_command_queue_info param_name,
    size_t param_value_size, void *param_value,
    size_t *param_value_size_ret)
```

param_name: CL_QUEUE_CONTEXT,
CL_QUEUE_DEVICE,
CL_QUEUE_REFERENCE_COUNT,
CL_QUEUE_PROPERTIES

```
cl_int clSetCommandQueueProperty (cl_command_queue
    command_queue, cl_command_queue_properties
    properties, cl_bool enable,
    cl_command_queue_properties *old_properties)
```

properties:
CL_QUEUE_OUT_OF_ORDER_EXEC_MODE_ENABLE,
CL_QUEUE_PROFILING_ENABLE

The OpenCL Platform Layer

The OpenCL platform layer which implements platform-specific features that allow applications to query OpenCL devices, device configuration information, and to create OpenCL contexts using one or more devices.

Contexts [4.3]

```
cl_context clCreateContext (
    cl_context_properties *properties, cl_uint num_devices,
    const cl_device_id *devices, void (*pfn_notify)
    (const char *errinfo, const void *private_info, size_t cb,
    void *user_data), void *user_data, cl_int *errcode_ret)
```

cl_context_properties: CL_CONTEXT_PLATFORM,
CL_GL_CONTEXT_KHR, CL_CGL_SHAREGROUP_KHR,
CL_EGL_DISPLAY_KHR, CL_GLX_DISPLAY_KHR,
CL_WGL_HDC_KHR

```
cl_context clCreateContextFromType (
    cl_context_properties *properties,
    cl_device_type device_type, void (*pfn_notify)
    (const char *errinfo, const void *private_info,
    size_t cb, void *user_data), void *user_data,
    cl_int *errcode_ret)
```

cl_context_properties: (same as for cl_create_context)

```
cl_int clRetainContext (cl_context context)
```

```
cl_int clReleaseContext (cl_context context)
```

```
cl_int clGetContextInfo (cl_context context,
    cl_context_info param_name, size_t param_value_size,
    void *param_value, size_t *param_value_size_ret)
```

param_name: CL_CONTEXT_REFERENCE_COUNT,
CL_CONTEXT_DEVICES, CL_CONTEXT_PROPERTIES

Querying Platform Info and Devices [4.1, 4.2]

```
cl_int clGetPlatformIDs (cl_uint num_entries,
    cl_platform_id *platforms, cl_uint *num_platforms)
```

```
cl_int clGetPlatformInfo (cl_platform_id platform,
    cl_platform_info param_name, size_t param_value_size,
    void *param_value, size_t *param_value_size_ret)
```

param_name: CL_PLATFORM_PROFILE,
CL_PLATFORM_VERSION, CL_PLATFORM_NAME,
CL_PLATFORM_VENDOR, CL_PLATFORM_EXTENSIONS

```
cl_int clGetDeviceIDs (cl_platform_id platform,
    cl_device_type device_type, cl_uint num_entries,
    cl_device_id *devices, cl_uint *num_devices)
```

device_type: CL_DEVICE_TYPE_CPU, CL_DEVICE_TYPE_GPU,
CL_DEVICE_TYPE_ACCELERATOR, CL_DEVICE_TYPE_DEFAULT,
CL_DEVICE_TYPE_ALL

```
cl_int clGetDeviceInfo (
    cl_device_id device, cl_device_info param_name,
    size_t param_value_size, void *param_value,
    size_t *param_value_size_ret)
```

param_name: CL_DEVICE_PLATFORM, CL_DEVICE_TYPE,
CL_DEVICE_VENDOR_ID,
CL_DEVICE_MAX_COMPUTE_UNITS,
CL_DEVICE_MAX_WORK_ITEM_DIMENSIONS,
CL_DEVICE_MAX_WORK_ITEM_SIZES,
CL_DEVICE_MAX_WORK_GROUP_SIZE,
CL_DEVICE_PREFERRED_VECTOR_WIDTH_CHAR,
CL_DEVICE_PREFERRED_VECTOR_WIDTH_SHORT,
CL_DEVICE_PREFERRED_VECTOR_WIDTH_INT,
CL_DEVICE_PREFERRED_VECTOR_WIDTH_LONG,
CL_DEVICE_PREFERRED_VECTOR_WIDTH_FLOAT,
CL_DEVICE_PREFERRED_VECTOR_WIDTH_DOUBLE,
CL_DEVICE_MAX_CLOCK_FREQUENCY,
CL_DEVICE_ADDRESS_BITS,
CL_DEVICE_MAX_MEM_ALLOC_SIZE,
CL_DEVICE_IMAGE_SUPPORT,
CL_DEVICE_MAX_READ_IMAGE_ARGS,
CL_DEVICE_MAX_WRITE_IMAGE_ARGS,
CL_DEVICE_IMAGE2D_MAX {WIDTH | HEIGHT},
CL_DEVICE_IMAGE3D_MAX {WIDTH | HEIGHT | DEPTH},
CL_DEVICE_MAX_SAMPLERS,
CL_DEVICE_MAX_PARAMETER_SIZE,
CL_DEVICE_MEM_BASE_ADDR_ALIGN,
CL_DEVICE_MIN_DATA_TYPE_ALIGN_SIZE,
CL_DEVICE_SINGLE_FP_CONFIG,
CL_DEVICE_GLOBAL_MEM_CACHE_TYPE,
CL_DEVICE_GLOBAL_MEM_CACHELINE_SIZE,
CL_DEVICE_GLOBAL_MEM_CACHE_SIZE,
CL_DEVICE_GLOBAL_MEM_SIZE,
CL_DEVICE_MAX_CONSTANT_BUFFER_SIZE,
CL_DEVICE_MAX_CONSTANT_ARGS,
CL_DEVICE_LOCAL_MEM_TYPE,
CL_DEVICE_LOCAL_MEM_SIZE,
CL_DEVICE_ERROR_CORRECTION_SUPPORT,
CL_DEVICE_PROFILING_TIMER_RESOLUTION,
CL_DEVICE_ENDIAN_LITTLE,
CL_DEVICE_AVAILABLE, CL_DEVICE_COMPILER_AVAILABLE,
CL_DEVICE_EXECUTION_CAPABILITIES,
CL_DEVICE_QUEUE_PROPERTIES,
CL_DEVICE_NAME, CL_DEVICE_VENDOR,
CL_DRIVER_VERSION, CL_DEVICE_PROFILE,
CL_DEVICE_VERSION, CL_DEVICE_EXTENSIONS

Memory Objects

Memory objects include *buffer* objects, and *image* objects. Refer to the Graphic page for information about image objects.

A buffer object stores a one-dimensional collection of elements. Elements of a buffer object can be a scalar data type (such as int, float), vector data type, or a user-defined structure, and are stored in sequential fashion and can be accessed using a pointer by a kernel executing on a device. The data is stored in the same format as it is accessed by the kernel.

Create Buffer Objects [5.2.1]

```
cl_mem clCreateBuffer (cl_context context,
    cl_mem_flags flags, size_t size, void *host_ptr,
    cl_int *errcode_ret)
```

flags: CL_MEM_READ_WRITE,
CL_MEM_WRITE_ONLY,
CL_MEM_READ_ONLY,
CL_MEM_USE_HOST_PTR,
CL_MEM_ALLOC_HOST_PTR,
CL_MEM_COPY_HOST_PTR

Read, Write, Copy Buffer Objects [5.2.2 - 5.2.3]

```
cl_int clEnqueueReadBuffer (
    cl_command_queue command_queue, cl_mem buffer,
    cl_bool blocking_read, size_t offset, size_t cb,
    void *ptr, cl_uint num_events_in_wait_list,
    const cl_event *event_wait_list, cl_event *event)
```

```
cl_int clEnqueueWriteBuffer (
    cl_command_queue command_queue, cl_mem buffer,
    cl_bool blocking_write, size_t offset, size_t cb,
    const void *ptr, cl_uint num_events_in_wait_list,
    const cl_event *event_wait_list, cl_event *event)
```

```
cl_int clEnqueueCopyBuffer (
    cl_command_queue command_queue,
    cl_mem src_buffer, cl_mem dst_buffer, size_t src_offset,
    size_t dst_offset, size_t cb,
    cl_uint num_events_in_wait_list,
    const cl_event *event_wait_list, cl_event *event)
```

```
cl_int clRetainMemObject (cl_mem memobj)
```

```
cl_int clReleaseMemObject (cl_mem memobj)
```

Map and Unmap Memory Objects [5.2.8]

```
void * clEnqueueMapBuffer (
    cl_command_queue command_queue, cl_mem buffer,
    cl_bool blocking_map, cl_map_flags map_flags,
    size_t offset, size_t cb, cl_uint num_events_in_wait_list,
    const cl_event *event_wait_list, cl_event *event,
    cl_int *errcode_ret)
```

```
cl_int clEnqueueUnmapMemObject (
    cl_command_queue command_queue, cl_mem memobj,
    void *mapped_ptr, cl_uint num_events_in_wait_list,
    const cl_event *event_wait_list, cl_event *event)
```

Query Buffer Object [5.2.9]

```
cl_int clGetMemObjectInfo (cl_mem memobj,
    cl_mem_info param_name, size_t param_value_size,
    void *param_value, size_t *param_value_size_ret)
```

param_name: CL_MEM_TYPE,
CL_MEM_FLAGS, CL_MEM_SIZE,
CL_MEM_HOST_PTR, CL_MEM_MAP_COUNT,
CL_MEM_REFERENCE_COUNT, CL_MEM_CONTEXT

Program Objects

Create Program Objects [5.4.1]

```
cl_program clCreateProgramWithSource (
    cl_context context, cl_uint count, const char **strings,
    const size_t *lengths, cl_int *errcode_ret)
```

```
cl_program clCreateProgramWithBinary (
    cl_context context, cl_uint num_devices,
    const cl_device_id *device_list, const size_t *lengths,
    const unsigned char **binaries, cl_int *binary_status,
    cl_int *errcode_ret)
```

```
cl_int clRetainProgram (cl_program program)
```

```
cl_int clReleaseProgram (cl_program program)
```

Build Program Executable [5.4.2]

```
cl_int clBuildProgram (cl_program program,
    cl_uint num_devices, const cl_device_id *device_list,
    const char *options, void (*pfn_notify)
    (cl_program, void *user_data), void *user_data)
```

Build Options [5.4.3]

Preprocessor options:
(-D options processed in order listed in clBuildProgram)

-D name,
-D name=definition,
-I dir

Math Intrinsics options:

-cl-single-precision-constant,
-cl-denorms-are-zero,

Optimization options:

-cl-opt-disable, -cl-strict-aliasing,
-cl-mad-enable, -cl-no-signed-zeros,
-cl-finite-math-only, -cl-fast-relaxed-math,
-cl-unsafe-math-optimizations

Warning request/suppress options:

-w, -Werror

Unload the OpenCL Compiler [5.4.4]

```
cl_int clUnloadCompiler (void)
```

Query Program Objects [5.4.5]

```
cl_int clGetProgramInfo (cl_program program,
    cl_program_info param_name,
    size_t param_value_size, void *param_value,
    size_t *param_value_size_ret)
```

param_name: CL_PROGRAM_REFERENCE_COUNT,
CL_PROGRAM_CONTEXT,
CL_PROGRAM_NUM_DEVICES,
CL_PROGRAM_DEVICES,
CL_PROGRAM_SOURCE,
CL_PROGRAM_BINARY_SIZES,
CL_PROGRAM_BINARIES,
CL_PROGRAM_SOURCE

```
cl_int clGetProgramBuildInfo (cl_program program,
    cl_device_id device,
    cl_program_build_info param_name,
    size_t param_value_size,
    void *param_value, size_t *param_value_size_ret)
```

param_name: CL_PROGRAM_BUILD_STATUS,
CL_PROGRAM_BUILD_OPTIONS,
CL_PROGRAM_BUILD_LOG

Kernel and Event Objects

Create Kernel Queries [5.5.1]

```
cl_kernel clCreateKernel (cl_program program,
    const char *kernel_name, cl_int *errcode_ret)
```

```
cl_int clCreateKernelsInProgram (cl_program program,
    cl_uint num_kernels, cl_kernel *kernels,
    cl_uint *num_kernels_ret)
```

```
cl_int clRetainKernel (cl_kernel kernel)
```

```
cl_int clReleaseKernel (cl_kernel kernel)
```

Kernel Arguments & Object Queries [5.5.2, 5.5.3]

```
cl_int clSetKernelArg (cl_kernel kernel, cl_uint arg_index,
    size_t arg_size, const void *arg_value)
```

```
cl_int clGetKernelInfo (cl_kernel kernel,
    cl_kernel_info_param_name, size_t param_value_size,
    void *param_value, size_t *param_value_size_ret)
```

param_name: CL_KERNEL_FUNCTION_NAME,
CL_KERNEL_NUM_ARGS,
CL_KERNEL_REFERENCE_COUNT,
CL_KERNEL_CONTEXT, CL_KERNEL_PROGRAM

```
cl_int clGetKernelWorkGroupInfo (cl_kernel kernel,
    cl_device_id device,
    cl_kernel_work_group_info param_name,
    size_t param_value_size,
    void *param_value, size_t *param_value_size_ret)
```

param_name: CL_KERNEL_WORK_GROUP_SIZE,
CL_KERNEL_COMPILE_WORK_GROUP_SIZE,
CL_KERNEL_LOCAL_MEM_SIZE

Execute Kernels [5.6]

```
cl_int clEnqueueNDRangeKernel (
    cl_command_queue command_queue, cl_kernel kernel,
    cl_uint work_dim, const size_t *global_work_offset,
    const size_t *global_work_size,
    const size_t *local_work_size,
    cl_uint num_events_in_wait_list,
    const cl_event *event_wait_list, cl_event *event)
```

```
cl_int clEnqueueTask (
    cl_command_queue command_queue, cl_kernel kernel,
    cl_uint num_events_in_wait_list,
    const cl_event *event_wait_list, cl_event *event)
```

```
cl_int clEnqueueNativeKernel (cl_command_queue
    command_queue, void (*user_func)(void *),
    void *args, size_t cb_args, cl_uint num_mem_objects,
    const cl_mem *mem_list, const void **args_mem_loc,
    cl_uint num_events_in_wait_list,
    const cl_event *event_wait_list, cl_event *event)
```

Event Objects [5.7]

```
cl_int clWaitForEvents (
    cl_uint num_events, const cl_event *event_list)
```

```
cl_int clGetEventInfo (
    cl_event event, cl_event_info_param_name,
    size_t param_value_size, void *param_value,
    size_t *param_value_size_ret)
```

```
cl_int clRetainEvent (cl_event event)
```

```
cl_int clReleaseEvent (cl_event event)
```

Out-of-order Execution of Kernels & Memory Object Commands [5.8]

```
cl_int clEnqueueMarker (
    cl_command_queue command_queue, cl_event *event)
```

```
cl_int clEnqueueWaitForEvents (
    cl_command_queue command_queue,
    cl_uint num_events, const cl_event *event_list)
```

```
cl_int clEnqueueBarrier (
    cl_command_queue command_queue)
```

Profile Operations on Memory Objects & Kernels [5.9]

```
cl_int clGetEventProfilingInfo (cl_event event,
    cl_profiling_info_param_name,
    size_t param_value_size, void *param_value,
    size_t *param_value_size_ret)
```

param_name: CL_PROFILING_COMMAND_QUEUED,
CL_PROFILING_COMMAND_SUBMIT,
CL_PROFILING_COMMAND_START,
CL_PROFILING_COMMAND_END

Flush and Finish [5.10]

```
cl_int clFlush (cl_command_queue command_queue)
```

```
cl_int clFinish (cl_command_queue command_queue)
```

param_name: CL_EVENT_COMMAND_QUEUE,
CL_EVENT_COMMAND_TYPE,
CL_EVENT_COMMAND_EXECUTION_STATUS,
CL_EVENT_REFERENCE_COUNT

Supported Data Types

Built-in Scalar Data Types [6.1.1]

| OpenCL Type | API Type | Description |
|------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------|
| bool | -- | true (1) or false (0) |
| char | cl_char | 8-bit signed |
| unsigned char, uchar | cl_uchar | 8-bit unsigned |
| short | cl_short | 16-bit signed |
| unsigned short, ushort | cl_ushort | 16-bit unsigned |
| int | cl_int | 32-bit signed |
| unsigned int, uint | cl_uint | 32-bit unsigned |
| long | cl_long | 64-bit signed |
| unsigned long, ulong | cl_ulong | 64-bit unsigned |
| float | cl_float | 32-bit float |
| half | cl_half | 16-bit float (for storage only) |
| size_t | -- | 32- or 64-bit unsigned integer |
| ptrdiff_t | -- | 32- or 64-bit signed integer |
| intptr_t | -- | signed integer |
| uintptr_t | -- | unsigned integer |
| void | -- | void |

Built-in Vector Data Types [6.1.2]

| OpenCL Type | API Type | Description |
|---------------------|------------------------|-----------------|
| char _n | cl_char _n | 8-bit signed |
| uchar _n | cl_uchar _n | 8-bit unsigned |
| short _n | cl_short _n | 16-bit signed |
| ushort _n | cl_ushort _n | 16-bit unsigned |
| int _n | cl_int _n | 32-bit signed |
| uint _n | cl_uint _n | 32-bit unsigned |
| long _n | cl_long _n | 64-bit signed |
| ulong _n | cl_ulong _n | 64-bit unsigned |
| float _n | cl_float _n | 32-bit float |

Other Built-in Data Types [6.1.3]

| OpenCL Type | Description |
|-------------|-----------------|
| image2d_t | 2D image handle |
| image3d_t | 3D image handle |
| sampler_t | sampler handle |
| event_t | event handle |

Reserved Data Types [6.1.4]

| OpenCL Type | Description |
|--|---|
| bool _n | boolean vector |
| double, double _n | 64-bit float, vector OPT |
| half _n | 16-bit float, vector OPT |
| quad, quad _n | 128-bit float, vector |
| complex half, complex half _n imaginary half, imaginary half _n | 16-bit complex, vector |
| complex float, complex float _n imaginary float, imaginary float _n | 32-bit complex, vector |
| complex double, complex double _n imaginary double, imaginary double _n | 64-bit complex, vector |
| complex quad, complex quad _n imaginary quad, imaginary quad _n | 128-bit complex, vector |
| float _n x _m | <i>n</i> * <i>m</i> matrix of 32-bit floats |
| double _n x _m | <i>n</i> * <i>m</i> matrix of 64-bit floats |
| long double, long double _n | 64 - 128-bit float, vector |
| long long, long long _n | 128-bit signed |
| unsigned long long, unsigned long long, ulong long _n | 128-bit unsigned |

Vector Component Addressing [6.1.7]

The components of a vector may be addressed as shown below or as shown in the table of equivalencies.

Vector Components

| | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
|-------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| float2 v; | v.x, v.s0 | v.y, v.s1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| float4 v; | v.x, v.s0 | v.y, v.s1 | v.z, v.s2 | v.w, v.s3 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| float8 v; | v.s0 | v.s1 | v.s2 | v.s3 | v.s4 | v.s5 | v.s6 | v.s7 | | | | | | | | |
| float16 v; | v.s0 | v.s1 | v.s2 | v.s3 | v.s4 | v.s5 | v.s6 | v.s7 | v.s8 | v.s9 | v.sa, v.sA | v.sb, v.sB | v.sc, v.sC | v.sd, v.sD | v.se, v.sE | v.sf, v.sF |

Vector Addressing Equivalencies

| | v.lo | v.hi | v.odd | v.even |
|----------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| float2 | v.x, v.s0 | v.y, v.s1 | v.y, v.s1 | v.x, v.s0 |
| float4 | v.s01, v.xy | v.s23, v.zw | v.s13, v.yw | v.s02, v.xz |
| float8 | v.s0123 | v.s4567 | v.s1357 | v.s0246 |
| float16 | v.s01234567 | v.s89abcdef | v.s13579bdf | v.s02468ace |

When addressing vector components by numeric indices, they must be preceded by the letter s or S, e.g.: s1.

Swizzling, duplication, and nesting are allowed, e.g.: vxy, vxx, v.lo.x

Conversions and Type Casting Examples [6.2]

```
T a = (T)b; // Scalar to scalar, or scalar to vector
T a = convert_T(b);
T a = convert_T_R(b);
T a = convert_T_sat_R(b);
T a = as_T(b);
```

Rounding Modes [6.2.3.2]

R can be:
_rte Round to nearest even
_rtz Round toward zero
_rtp Round toward positive infinity
_rtn Round toward negative infinity

Operators [6.3]

These operators behave similarly as in C99 except that operands may include vector types when possible:

```
+ - * % / -- ++ == != &
~ ^ > < >= <= | ! && ||
?: >> << , = op= sizeof
```

Address Space Qualifiers [6.5]

```
__global, global __local, local
__constant, constant __private, private
```

Function Qualifiers [6.7]

```
__kernel, kernel
__attribute__((vec_type_hint(int)))
__attribute__((work_group_size_hint(X, Y, Z)))
__attribute__((reqd_work_group_size(X, Y, Z)))
```

Preprocessor Directives & Macros [6.9]

```
#pragma OPENCL_FP_CONTRACT on-off-switch
on-off-switch: ON, OFF, DEFAULT
```

Predefined Macro Names

```
__FILE__ Current source file
__LINE__ Line number
__OPENCL_VERSION__ Integer version number
__ENDIAN_LITTLE__ 1 if device is little endian
__ROUNDING_MODE__ Current rounding mode (default "rte")
__kernel_exec(X, typen) Same as: __kernel_attribute__((work_group_size_hint(X, 1, 1))) \
__attribute__((vec_type_hint(typen)))
__IMAGE_SUPPORT__ 1 if images are supported,
__FAST_RELAXED_MATH__ 1 if -cl-fast-relaxed-math optimization option is specified
```

Work-Item Built-in Functions [6.11.1]

D is dimension index.

| | |
|---|---------------------------|
| <code>uint get_work_dim ()</code> | Num. of dimensions in use |
| <code>size_t get_global_size (uint <i>D</i>)</code> | Num. of global work-items |
| <code>size_t get_global_id (uint <i>D</i>)</code> | Global work-item ID value |
| <code>size_t get_local_size (uint <i>D</i>)</code> | Num. of local work-items |
| <code>size_t get_local_id (uint <i>D</i>)</code> | Local work-item ID |
| <code>size_t get_num_groups (uint <i>D</i>)</code> | Num. of work-groups |
| <code>size_t get_group_id (uint <i>D</i>)</code> | Returns the work-group ID |

Floating Point Math Constants [6.11.2]

| | |
|-----------|---|
| MAXFLOAT | Value of maximum non-infinite single-precision floating-point number. |
| HUGE_VALF | Positive float constant expression. HUGE_VALF evaluates to +infinity. Used as an error value. |
| INFINITY | Constant expression of type float representing positive or unsigned infinity. |
| NAN | Constant expression of type float representing a quiet NaN. |

Common Built-in Functions [6.11.4]

T is type float or float*n* (or optionally double, double*n*, or half*n*). Optional extensions enable double, double*n*, and half*n* types.

| | |
|--|--|
| <code>T clamp (T <i>x</i>, T <i>min</i>, T <i>max</i>)</code> <code>floatn clamp (floatn <i>x</i>, float <i>min</i>, float <i>max</i>)</code> <code>doublen clamp (doublen <i>x</i>, double <i>min</i>, double <i>max</i>)</code> <code>halfn clamp (halfn <i>x</i>, half <i>min</i>, half <i>max</i>)</code> | Clamp <i>x</i> to range given by <i>min</i> , <i>max</i> |
| <code>T degrees (T <i>radians</i>)</code> | <i>radians</i> to degrees |
| <code>T max (T <i>x</i>, T <i>y</i>)</code> <code>floatn max (floatn <i>x</i>, float <i>y</i>)</code> <code>doublen max (doublen <i>x</i>, double <i>y</i>)</code> <code>halfn max (halfn <i>x</i>, half <i>y</i>)</code> | Max of <i>x</i> and <i>y</i> |
| <code>T min (T <i>x</i>, T <i>y</i>)</code> <code>floatn min (floatn <i>x</i>, float <i>y</i>)</code> <code>doublen min (doublen <i>x</i>, double <i>y</i>)</code> <code>halfn min (halfn <i>x</i>, half <i>y</i>)</code> | Min of <i>x</i> and <i>y</i> |
| <code>T mix (T <i>x</i>, T <i>y</i>)</code> <code>floatn mix (floatn <i>x</i>, float <i>y</i>)</code> <code>doublen mix (doublen <i>x</i>, double <i>y</i>)</code> <code>halfn mix (halfn <i>x</i>, half <i>y</i>)</code> | Linear blend of <i>x</i> and <i>y</i> |
| <code>T radians (T <i>degrees</i>)</code> | <i>degrees</i> to radians |
| <code>T step (T <i>edge</i>, T <i>x</i>)</code> <code>floatn step (float <i>edge</i>, floatn <i>x</i>)</code> <code>doublen step (double <i>edge</i>, doublen <i>x</i>)</code> <code>halfn step (half <i>edge</i>, halfn <i>x</i>)</code> | 0.0 if <i>x</i> < <i>edge</i> , else 1.0 |
| <code>T smoothstep (T <i>edge0</i>, T <i>edge1</i>, T <i>x</i>)</code> <code>floatn smoothstep (float <i>edge0</i>, float <i>edge1</i>, floatn <i>x</i>)</code> <code>doublen smoothstep (double <i>edge0</i>, double <i>edge1</i>, doublen <i>x</i>)</code> <code>halfn smoothstep (half <i>edge0</i>, half <i>edge1</i>, halfn <i>x</i>)</code> | Step and interpolate |
| <code>T sign (T <i>x</i>)</code> | Sign of <i>x</i> |

Integer Built-in Functions [6.11.3]

T is type char, char*n*, uchar, uchar*n*, short, short*n*, ushort, ushort*n*, int, int*n*, uint, uint*n*, long, long*n*, ulong, ulong*n*. *U* refers to the unsigned version of *T*.

| | |
|---|---|
| <code>U abs (T <i>x</i>)</code> | <i>x</i> |
| <code>U abs_diff (T <i>x</i>, T <i>y</i>)</code> | <i>x</i> - <i>y</i> without modulo overflow |
| <code>T add_sat (T <i>x</i>, T <i>y</i>)</code> | <i>x</i> + <i>y</i> and saturates the result |
| <code>T hadd (T <i>x</i>, T <i>y</i>)</code> | (<i>x</i> + <i>y</i>) >> 1 without modulo overflow |
| <code>T rhadd (T <i>x</i>, T <i>y</i>)</code> | (<i>x</i> + <i>y</i> + 1) >> 1 |
| <code>T clz (T <i>x</i>)</code> | Number of leading 0-bits in <i>x</i> |
| <code>T mad_hi (T <i>a</i>, T <i>b</i>, T <i>c</i>)</code> | mul_hi(<i>a</i> , <i>b</i>) + <i>c</i> |
| <code>T mad24 (T <i>a</i>, T <i>b</i>, T <i>c</i>)</code> | Multiply 24-bit integer values <i>a</i> and <i>b</i> and add the 32-bit integer result to 32-bit integer <i>c</i> |
| <code>T mad_sat (T <i>a</i>, T <i>b</i>, T <i>c</i>)</code> | <i>a</i> * <i>b</i> + <i>c</i> and saturates the result |
| <code>T max (T <i>x</i>, T <i>y</i>)</code> | <i>y</i> if <i>x</i> < <i>y</i> , otherwise it returns <i>x</i> |

| | |
|--|--|
| <code>T min (T <i>x</i>, T <i>y</i>)</code> | <i>y</i> if <i>y</i> < <i>x</i> , otherwise it returns <i>x</i> |
| <code>T mul_hi (T <i>x</i>, T <i>y</i>)</code> | high half of the product of <i>x</i> and <i>y</i> |
| <code>T mul24 (T <i>a</i>, T <i>b</i>)</code> | Multiply 24-bit integer values <i>a</i> and <i>b</i> |
| <code>T rotate (T <i>v</i>, T <i>i</i>)</code> | result[<i>indx</i>] = <i>v</i> [<i>indx</i>] << <i>i</i> [<i>indx</i>] |
| <code>T sub_sat (T <i>x</i>, T <i>y</i>)</code> | <i>x</i> - <i>y</i> and saturates the result |
| For <i>upsample</i> , scalar types are permitted for the vector types below. | |
| <code>shortn upsample (charn <i>hi</i>, ucharn <i>lo</i>)</code> | result[<i>j</i>] = ((short)hi[<i>j</i>] << 8) lo[<i>j</i>] |
| <code>ushortn upsample (ucharn <i>hi</i>, ucharn <i>lo</i>)</code> | result[<i>j</i>] = ((ushort)hi[<i>j</i>] << 8) lo[<i>j</i>] |
| <code>intn upsample (shortn <i>hi</i>, ushortn <i>lo</i>)</code> | result[<i>j</i>] = ((int)hi[<i>j</i>] << 16) lo[<i>j</i>] |
| <code>uintn upsample (ushortn <i>hi</i>, ushortn <i>lo</i>)</code> | result[<i>j</i>] = ((uint)hi[<i>j</i>] << 16) lo[<i>j</i>] |
| <code>longn upsample (intn <i>hi</i>, uintn <i>lo</i>)</code> | result[<i>j</i>] = ((long)hi[<i>j</i>] << 32) lo[<i>j</i>] |
| <code>ulongn upsample (uintn <i>hi</i>, uintn <i>lo</i>)</code> | result[<i>j</i>] = ((ulong)hi[<i>j</i>] << 32) lo[<i>j</i>] |

Math Built-in Functions [6.11.2]

T is type float or float*n* (or optionally double, double*n*, or half*n*). int*n*, uint*n*, and ulong*n* must be scalar when *T* is scalar. The symbol **HN** indicates that Half and Native variants are available by prepending "half_" or "native_" to the function name, as in half_cos() and native_cos(). Optional extensions enable double, double*n*, and half*n* types.

| | |
|--|--|
| <code>T acos (T)</code> | Arc cosine |
| <code>T acosh (T)</code> | Inverse hyperbolic cosine |
| <code>T acospi (T <i>x</i>)</code> | acos(<i>x</i>) / π |
| <code>T asin (T)</code> | Arc sine |
| <code>T asinh (T)</code> | Inverse hyperbolic sine |
| <code>T asinpi (T <i>x</i>)</code> | asin(<i>x</i>) / π |
| <code>T atan (T <i>y</i>, <i>over_x</i>)</code> | Arc tangent |
| <code>T atan2 (T <i>y</i>, T <i>x</i>)</code> | Arc tangent of <i>y</i> / <i>x</i> |
| <code>T atanh (T)</code> | Hyperbolic arc tangent |
| <code>T atanpi (T <i>x</i>)</code> | atan(<i>x</i>) / π |
| <code>T atan2pi (T <i>x</i>, T <i>y</i>)</code> | atan2(<i>x</i> , <i>y</i>) / π |
| <code>T cbirt (T)</code> | cube root |
| <code>T ceil (T)</code> | Round to integer toward + infinity |
| <code>T copysign (T <i>x</i>, T <i>y</i>)</code> | <i>x</i> with sign changed to sign of <i>y</i> |
| <code>T cos (T)</code> HN | cosine |
| <code>T cosh (T)</code> | hyperbolic cosine |
| <code>T cospi (T <i>x</i>)</code> | cos(π <i>x</i>) |
| <code>T half_divide (T <i>x</i>, T <i>y</i>)</code> <code>T native_divide (T <i>x</i>, T <i>y</i>)</code> | <i>x</i> / <i>y</i> |
| <code>T erfc (T)</code> | Complementary error function |
| <code>T erf (T)</code> | Calculates error function of <i>T</i> |
| <code>T exp (T <i>x</i>)</code> HN | Exponential base e |
| <code>T exp2 (T)</code> HN | Exponential base 2 |

| | |
|---|--|
| <code>T exp10 (T)</code> HN | Exponential base 10 |
| <code>T expm1 (T <i>x</i>)</code> | e ^{<i>x</i>} - 1.0 |
| <code>T fabs (T)</code> | Absolute value |
| <code>T fdim (T <i>x</i>, T <i>y</i>)</code> | "Positive difference" between <i>x</i> and <i>y</i> |
| <code>T floor (T)</code> | Round to integer toward - infinity |
| <code>T fma (T <i>a</i>, T <i>b</i>, T <i>c</i>)</code> | Multiply and add, then round |
| <code>T fmax (T <i>x</i>, T <i>y</i>)</code> <code>halfn fmax (halfn <i>x</i>, half <i>y</i>)</code> | Return <i>y</i> if <i>x</i> < <i>y</i> , otherwise it returns <i>x</i> |
| <code>T fmin (T <i>x</i>, T <i>y</i>)</code> <code>halfn fmin (halfn <i>x</i>, half <i>y</i>)</code> | Return <i>y</i> if <i>y</i> < <i>x</i> , otherwise it returns <i>x</i> |
| <code>T fmod (T <i>x</i>, T <i>y</i>)</code> | Modulus. Returns <i>x</i> - <i>y</i> * trunc(<i>x</i> / <i>y</i>) |
| <code>T fract (T <i>x</i>, T *<i>iptr</i>)</code> | Fractional value in <i>x</i> |
| <code>T frexp (T <i>x</i>, intrn *<i>exp</i>)</code> | Extract mantissa and exponent |
| <code>T hypot (T <i>x</i>, T <i>y</i>)</code> | square root of <i>x</i> ² + <i>y</i> ² |
| <code>intrn flobg (T <i>x</i>)</code> | Return exponent as an integer value |
| <code>T ldexp (T <i>x</i>, intrn <i>n</i>)</code> <code>T ldexp (T <i>x</i>, int <i>n</i>)</code> | <i>x</i> * 2 ^{<i>n</i>} |
| <code>T lgamma (T <i>x</i>)</code> <code>T lgamma_r (T <i>x</i>, intrn *<i>signp</i>)</code> | Log gamma function |
| <code>T log (T)</code> HN | Natural logarithm |
| <code>T log2 (T)</code> HN | Base 2 logarithm |
| <code>T log10 (T)</code> HN | Base 10 logarithm |
| <code>T log1p (T <i>x</i>)</code> | ln(1.0 + <i>x</i>) |
| <code>T logb (T <i>x</i>)</code> | exponent of <i>x</i> |
| <code>T mad (T <i>a</i>, T <i>b</i>, T <i>c</i>)</code> | Approximates <i>a</i> * <i>b</i> + <i>c</i> |
| <code>T modf (T <i>x</i>, T *<i>iptr</i>)</code> | Decompose a floating-point number |

| | |
|---|---|
| <code>float nan (uintn <i>nancode</i>)</code> <code>floatn nan (uintn <i>nancode</i>)</code> <code>halfn nan (ushortn <i>nancode</i>)</code> <code>doublen nan (ulongn <i>nancode</i>)</code> <code>doublen nan (uintn <i>nancode</i>)</code> | Quiet NaN |
| <code>T nextafter (T <i>x</i>, T <i>y</i>)</code> | Next representable floating-point value following <i>x</i> in the direction of <i>y</i> |
| <code>T pow (T <i>x</i>, T <i>y</i>)</code> | Compute <i>x</i> to the power of <i>y</i> (<i>x</i> ^{<i>y</i>}) |
| <code>T pown (T <i>x</i>, intrn <i>y</i>)</code> | Compute <i>x</i> ^{<i>y</i>} , where <i>y</i> is an integer |
| <code>T powr (T <i>x</i>, T <i>y</i>)</code> HN | Compute <i>x</i> ^{<i>y</i>} , where <i>x</i> is >= 0 |
| <code>T half_recip (T <i>x</i>)</code> <code>T native_recip (T <i>x</i>)</code> | 1 / <i>x</i> |
| <code>T remainder (T <i>x</i>, T <i>y</i>)</code> | Floating point remainder function |
| <code>T remquo (T <i>x</i>, T <i>y</i>, intrn *<i>quo</i>)</code> | Floating point remainder and quotient function |
| <code>T rint (T)</code> | Round integer to nearest even integer |
| <code>T rootn (T <i>x</i>, intrn <i>y</i>)</code> | Compute <i>x</i> to the power of 1/ <i>y</i> |
| <code>T round (T <i>x</i>)</code> | Integral value nearest to <i>x</i> rounding |
| <code>T rsqrt (T)</code> HN | Inverse square root |
| <code>T sin (T)</code> HN | sine |
| <code>T sincos (T <i>x</i>, T *<i>cosval</i>)</code> | sine and cosine of <i>x</i> |
| <code>T sinh (T)</code> | hyperbolic sine |
| <code>T sinpi (T <i>x</i>)</code> | sin(π <i>x</i>) |
| <code>T sqrt (T)</code> HN | square root |
| <code>T tan (T)</code> HN | tangent |
| <code>T tanh (T)</code> | hyperbolic tangent |
| <code>T tanpi (T <i>x</i>)</code> | tan(π <i>x</i>) |
| <code>T tgamma (T)</code> | gamma function |
| <code>T trunc (T)</code> | Round to integer toward zero |

Geometric Built-in Functions [6.11.5]

Vector types may have 2 or 4 components. Optional extensions enable double, double*n*, and half*n* types.

| | |
|--|---------------|
| <code>float4 cross (float4 <i>p0</i>, float4 <i>p1</i>)</code> <code>double4 cross (double4 <i>p0</i>, double4 <i>p1</i>)</code> <code>half4 cross (half4 <i>p0</i>, half4 <i>p1</i>)</code> | Cross product |
| <code>float dot (float <i>p0</i>, float <i>p1</i>)</code> <code>float dot (floatn <i>p0</i>, floatn <i>p1</i>)</code> <code>double dot (double <i>p0</i>, double <i>p1</i>)</code> <code>double dot (doublen <i>p0</i>, doublen <i>p1</i>)</code> <code>half dot (half <i>p0</i>, half <i>p1</i>)</code> <code>half dot (halfn <i>p0</i>, halfn <i>p1</i>)</code> | Dot product |

| | |
|--|-----------------|
| <code>float distance (float <i>p0</i>, float <i>p1</i>)</code> <code>float distance (floatn <i>p0</i>, floatn <i>p1</i>)</code> <code>double distance (double <i>p0</i>, double <i>p1</i>)</code> <code>double distance (doublen <i>p0</i>, doublen <i>p1</i>)</code> <code>half distance (half <i>p0</i>, half <i>p1</i>)</code> <code>half distance (halfn <i>p0</i>, halfn <i>p1</i>)</code> | Vector distance |
| <code>float length (float <i>p</i>)</code> <code>float length (floatn <i>p</i>)</code> <code>double length (double <i>p</i>)</code> <code>double length (doublen <i>p</i>)</code> <code>half length (half <i>p</i>)</code> <code>half length (halfn <i>p</i>)</code> | Vector length |

| | |
|--|------------------------|
| <code>float normalize (float <i>p</i>)</code> <code>floatn normalize (floatn <i>p</i>)</code> <code>double normalize (double <i>p</i>)</code> <code>doublen normalize (doublen <i>p</i>)</code> <code>half normalize (half <i>p</i>)</code> <code>halfn normalize (halfn <i>p</i>)</code> | Normal vector length 1 |
| <code>float fast_distance (float <i>p0</i>, float <i>p1</i>)</code> <code>float fast_distance (floatn <i>p0</i>, floatn <i>p1</i>)</code> | Vector distance |
| <code>float fast_length (float <i>p</i>)</code> <code>float fast_length (floatn <i>p</i>)</code> | Vector length |
| <code>float fast_normalize (float <i>p</i>)</code> <code>floatn fast_normalize (floatn <i>p</i>)</code> | Normal vector length 1 |

Each occurrence of *T* within a function call must be the same. In vector types, *n* is 2, 4, 8, or 16 unless otherwise specified.

HN= Half and Native variants are available. **half_** and **native_** variants are shown in purple.

OPT = Optional function.

More built-in functions on the reverse >

Relational Built-in Functions [6.11.6]

T is type float, floatn, char, charn, uchar, uchar, short, shortn, ushort, ushortn, int, intrn, uint, uintn, long, longn, ulong, or ulongn (and optionally double, doublen). *S* is type char, charn, short, shortn, int, intrn, long, or longn. *U* is type uchar, uchar, ushort, ushortn, uint, uintn, ulong, or ulongn. Optional extensions enable double, doublen, and halfn types.

| | |
|---|---------------------------------|
| int isequal (float <i>x</i> , float <i>y</i>) intrn isequal (floatn <i>x</i> , floatn <i>y</i>) int isequal (double <i>x</i> , double <i>y</i>) longn isequal (doublen <i>x</i> , doublen <i>y</i>) int isequal (half <i>x</i> , half <i>y</i>) shortn isequal (halfn <i>x</i> , halfn <i>y</i>) | Compare of $x == y$ |
| int isnotequal (float <i>x</i> , float <i>y</i>) intrn isnotequal (floatn <i>x</i> , floatn <i>y</i>) int isnotequal (double <i>x</i> , double <i>y</i>) longn isnotequal (doublen <i>x</i> , doublen <i>y</i>) int isnotequal (half <i>x</i> , half <i>y</i>) shortn isnotequal (halfn <i>x</i> , halfn <i>y</i>) | Compare of $x != y$ |
| int isgreater (float <i>x</i> , float <i>y</i>) intrn isgreater (floatn <i>x</i> , floatn <i>y</i>) int isgreater (double <i>x</i> , double <i>y</i>) longn isgreater (doublen <i>x</i> , doublen <i>y</i>) int isgreater (half <i>x</i> , half <i>y</i>) shortn isgreater (halfn <i>x</i> , halfn <i>y</i>) | Compare of $x > y$ |
| int isgreaterequal (float <i>x</i> , float <i>y</i>) intrn isgreaterequal (floatn <i>x</i> , floatn <i>y</i>) int isgreaterequal (double <i>x</i> , double <i>y</i>) longn isgreaterequal (doublen <i>x</i> , doublen <i>y</i>) int isgreaterequal (half <i>x</i> , half <i>y</i>) shortn isgreaterequal (halfn <i>x</i> , halfn <i>y</i>) | Compare of $x >= y$ |
| int isless (float <i>x</i> , float <i>y</i>) intrn isless (floatn <i>x</i> , floatn <i>y</i>) int isless (double <i>x</i> , double <i>y</i>) longn isless (doublen <i>x</i> , doublen <i>y</i>) int isless (half <i>x</i> , half <i>y</i>) shortn isless (halfn <i>x</i> , halfn <i>y</i>) | Compare of $x < y$ |
| int islessequal (float <i>x</i> , float <i>y</i>) intrn islessequal (floatn <i>x</i> , floatn <i>y</i>) int islessequal (double <i>x</i> , double <i>y</i>) longn islessequal (doublen <i>x</i> , doublen <i>y</i>) int islessequal (half <i>x</i> , half <i>y</i>) shortn islessequal (halfn <i>x</i> , halfn <i>y</i>) | Compare of $x <= y$ |
| int islessgreater (float <i>x</i> , float <i>y</i>) intrn islessgreater (floatn <i>x</i> , floatn <i>y</i>) int islessgreater (double <i>x</i> , double <i>y</i>) longn islessgreater (doublen <i>x</i> , doublen <i>y</i>) int islessgreater (half <i>x</i> , half <i>y</i>) shortn islessgreater (halfn <i>x</i> , halfn <i>y</i>) | Compare of $(x < y) (x > y)$ |
| int isfinite (float) intrn isfinite (floatn) int isfinite (double) longn isfinite (doublen) int isfinite (half) shortn isfinite (halfn) | Test for finite value |

| | |
|---|--|
| int isinf (float) intrn isinf (floatn) int isinf (double) longn isinf (doublen) int isinf (half) shortn isinf (halfn) | Test for +ve or -ve infinity |
| int isnan (float) intrn isnan (floatn) int isnan (double) longn isnan (doublen) int isnan (half) shortn isnan (halfn) | Test for a NaN |
| int isnormal (float) intrn isnormal (floatn) int isnormal (double) longn isnormal (doublen) int isnormal (half) shortn isnormal (halfn) | Test for a normal value |
| int isordered (float <i>x</i> , float <i>y</i>) intrn isordered (floatn <i>x</i> , floatn <i>y</i>) int isordered (double <i>x</i> , double <i>y</i>) longn isordered (doublen <i>x</i> , doublen <i>y</i>) int isordered (half <i>x</i> , half <i>y</i>) shortn isordered (halfn <i>x</i> , halfn <i>y</i>) | Test if arguments are ordered |
| int isunordered (float <i>x</i> , float <i>y</i>) intrn isunordered (floatn <i>x</i> , floatn <i>y</i>) int isunordered (double <i>x</i> , double <i>y</i>) longn isunordered (doublen <i>x</i> , doublen <i>y</i>) int isunordered (half <i>x</i> , half <i>y</i>) shortn isunordered (halfn <i>x</i> , halfn <i>y</i>) | Test if arguments are unordered |
| int signbit (float) intrn signbit (floatn) int signbit (double) longn signbit (doublen) int signbit (half) shortn signbit (halfn) | Test for sign bit |
| int any (<i>S x</i>) | 1 if MSB in any component of <i>x</i> is set; else 0 |
| int all (<i>S x</i>) | 1 if MSB in all components of <i>x</i> are set; else 0 |
| <i>T</i> bitselect (<i>T a</i> , <i>T b</i> , <i>T c</i>) halfn bitselect (halfn <i>a</i> , halfn <i>b</i> , halfn <i>c</i>) doublen bitselect (doublen <i>a</i> , doublen <i>b</i> , doublen <i>c</i>) | Each bit of result is corresponding bit of <i>a</i> if corresponding bit of <i>c</i> is 0 |
| <i>T</i> select (<i>T a</i> , <i>T b</i> , <i>S c</i>) <i>T</i> select (<i>T a</i> , <i>T b</i> , <i>U c</i>) doublen select (doublen, doublen, longn) | For each component of a vector type, result[i] = if MSB of <i>c</i> [i] is set ? <i>b</i> [i] : <i>a</i> [i] For scalar type, result = <i>c</i> ? <i>b</i> : <i>a</i> |

Vector Data Load/Store Built-in Functions [6.11.7]

Q is an Address Space Qualifier listed in 6.5 unless otherwise noted. *R* defaults to the current rounding mode, or is one of the Rounding Modes listed in 6.2.3.2. *T* is type char, uchar, short, ushort, int, uint, long, ulong, half, or float (or optionally double). *Tn* refers to the vector form of type *T*. Optional extension enables the double and doublen types.

| | |
|--|--|
| <i>Tn</i> vloadn (size_t <i>offset</i> , const <i>Q T *p</i>) | Read vector data from memory |
| void vstoren (<i>Tn data</i> , size_t <i>offset</i> , <i>Q T *p</i>) | Write vector data to memory (<i>Q</i> in this function cannot be __constant) |
| float vload_half (size_t <i>offset</i> , const <i>Q half *p</i>) | Read a half from memory |
| floatn vload_half (size_t <i>offset</i> , const <i>Q half *p</i>) | Read multiple halves from memory |
| void vstore_half (float <i>data</i> , size_t <i>offset</i> , <i>Q half *p</i>) void vstore_half_R (float <i>data</i> , size_t <i>offset</i> , <i>Q half *p</i>) void vstore_half (double <i>data</i> , size_t <i>offset</i> , <i>Q half *p</i>) void vstore_half_R (double <i>data</i> , size_t <i>offset</i> , <i>Q half *p</i>) | Write a half to memory (<i>Q</i> in this function cannot be __constant) |
| void vstore_halfn (floatn <i>data</i> , size_t <i>offset</i> , <i>Q half *p</i>) void vstore_halfn_R (floatn <i>data</i> , size_t <i>offset</i> , <i>Q half *p</i>) void vstore_halfn (doublen <i>data</i> , size_t <i>offset</i> , <i>Q half *p</i>) void vstore_halfn_R (doublen <i>data</i> , size_t <i>offset</i> , <i>Q half *p</i>) | Write a half vector to memory (<i>Q</i> in this function cannot be __constant) |
| floatn vloada_halfn (size_t <i>offset</i> , const <i>Q half *p</i>) | sizeof (floatn) bytes of data read from location ($p + (offset * n)$) |
| void vstorea_halfn (floatn <i>data</i> , size_t <i>offset</i> , <i>Q half *p</i>) void vstorea_halfn_R (floatn <i>data</i> , size_t <i>offset</i> , <i>Q half *p</i>) void vstorea_halfn (doublen <i>data</i> , size_t <i>offset</i> , <i>Q half *p</i>) void vstorea_halfn_R (doublen <i>data</i> , size_t <i>offset</i> , <i>Q half *p</i>) | Write a half vector to vector-aligned memory (<i>Q</i> in this function cannot be __constant) |

Async Copies and Prefetch Built-in Functions [6.11.11]

T is type char, charn, uchar, uchar, short, shortn, ushort, ushortn, int, intrn, uint, uintn, long, longn, ulong, ulongn, float, floatn, and optionally double, doublen. Optional extension enables the double and doublen types.

| | |
|---|---|
| event_t async_work_group_copy (<i>_local T *dst</i> , const <i>_global T *src</i> , size_t <i>num_elements</i> , event_t <i>event</i>) | Copies <i>T</i> elements from <i>src</i> to <i>dst</i> |
| event_t async_work_group_copy (<i>_global T *dst</i> , const <i>_local T *src</i> , size_t <i>num_elements</i> , event_t <i>event</i>) | |
| void wait_group_events (int <i>num_events</i> , event_t * <i>event_list</i>) | Wait for events that identify the async_work_group_copy operations to complete. |
| void prefetch (const <i>_global T *p</i> , size_t <i>num_elements</i>) | Prefetch num_elements * sizeof(<i>T</i>) bytes into the global cache. |

Optional Extension: Atomic Functions [9.5]

Q is qualifier __global or __local. *T* is type int or unsigned int for 32-bit atomic functions. *T* is type long or ulong for 64-bit atomic functions.

To use the base or extended atomic functions, include this pragma in your application:

```
#pragma OPENCL EXTENSION extension-name : enable
```

For base atomic functions, extension-name is one of:

```
cl_khr_global_int32_base_atomics  
cl_khr_local_int32_base_atomics  
cl_khr_int64_base_atomics
```

For extended atomic functions, extension-name is one of:

```
cl_khr_global_int32_extended_atomics  
cl_khr_local_int32_extended_atomics  
cl_khr_int64_extended_atomics
```

Base atomic functions

| | |
|--|--|
| <i>T</i> atom_add (<i>Q T *p</i> , <i>T val</i>) | Read, add, and store |
| <i>T</i> atom_sub (<i>Q T *p</i> , <i>T val</i>) | Read, sub, and store |
| <i>T</i> atom_xchg (<i>Q T *p</i> , <i>T val</i>) | Read, swap, and store |
| <i>T</i> atom_inc (<i>Q T *p</i>) | Read, increment, and store |
| <i>T</i> atom_dec (<i>Q T *p</i>) | Read, decrement, and store |
| <i>T</i> atom_cmpxchg (<i>Q T *p</i> , <i>T cmp</i> , <i>T val</i>) | Read and store (* <i>p</i> == <i>cmp</i>) ? <i>val</i> : * <i>p</i> |

Extended atomic functions

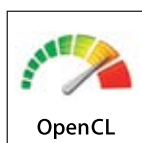
| | |
|---|---|
| <i>T</i> atom_min (<i>Q T *p</i> , <i>T val</i>) | Read, store min(* <i>p</i> , <i>val</i>) |
| <i>T</i> atom_max (<i>Q T *p</i> , <i>T val</i>) | Read, store max(* <i>p</i> , <i>val</i>) |
| <i>T</i> atom_and (<i>Q T *p</i> , <i>T val</i>) | Read, store (* <i>p</i> & <i>val</i>) |
| <i>T</i> atom_or (<i>Q T *p</i> , <i>T val</i>) | Read, store (* <i>p</i> <i>val</i>) |
| <i>T</i> atom_xor (<i>Q T *p</i> , <i>T val</i>) | Read, store (* <i>p</i> ^ <i>val</i>) |

Synchronization and Explicit Memory Fence Built-in Functions [6.11.9, 6.11.10]

The flags argument specifies the memory address space and can be set to a combination of CLK_LOCAL_MEM_FENCE and CLK_GLOBAL_MEM_FENCE.

| | |
|--|--|
| void barrier (cl_mem_fence_flags <i>flags</i>) | All work-items in a work-group must execute this before any can continue |
| void mem_fence (cl_mem_fence_flags <i>flags</i>) | Orders loads and stores of a work-item executing a kernel |
| void read_mem_fence (cl_mem_fence_flags <i>flags</i>) | Orders memory loads |
| void write_mem_fence (cl_mem_fence_flags <i>flags</i>) | Orders memory stores |

More built-in functions on the reverse >



The Khronos Group is an industry consortium creating open standards for the authoring and acceleration of parallel computing, graphics and dynamic media on a wide variety of platforms and devices. See www.khronos.org to learn more about the Khronos Group.

OpenCL is a trademark of Apple Inc. and is used under license by Khronos.

OpenCL™ API 1.0 Quick Reference Card: Graphics

Following is a quick reference to the subset of the OpenCL API specification that pertains to graphics. [n.n.n] refers to the section in the full specification, which is available at www.khronos.org/opengl.

Image Objects

Create Image Objects [5.2.4]

`cl_mem` **clCreateImage2D** (
 `cl_context` *context*, `cl_mem_flags` *flags*,
 `const cl_image_format` **image_format*,
 `size_t` *image_width*, `size_t` *image_height*,
 `size_t` *image_row_pitch*, `void*` *host_ptr*,
 `cl_int*` *errcode_ret*)

flags: `CL_MEM_READ_WRITE`, `CL_MEM_WRITE_ONLY`,
 `CL_MEM_READ_ONLY`, `CL_MEM_USE_HOST_PTR`,
 `CL_MEM_ALLOC_HOST_PTR`, `CL_MEM_COPY_HOST_PTR`

`cl_mem` **clCreateImage3D** (
 `cl_context` *context*, `cl_mem_flags` *flags*,
 `const cl_image_format` **image_format*,
 `size_t` *image_width*, `size_t` *image_height*,
 `size_t` *image_depth*, `size_t` *image_row_pitch*,
 `size_t` *image_slice_pitch*, `void*` *host_ptr*,
 `cl_int*` *errcode_ret*)

flags: `CL_MEM_READ_WRITE`, `CL_MEM_WRITE_ONLY`,
 `CL_MEM_READ_ONLY`, `CL_MEM_USE_HOST_PTR`,
 `CL_MEM_ALLOC_HOST_PTR`, `CL_MEM_COPY_HOST_PTR`

Query List of Supported Image Formats [5.2.5]

`cl_int` **clGetSupportedImageFormats** (
 `cl_context` *context*, `cl_mem_flags` *flags*,
 `cl_mem_object_type` *image_type*,
 `cl_uint` *num_entries*,
 `cl_image_format` **image_formats*,
 `cl_uint*` *num_image_formats*)

flags: `CL_MEM_READ_WRITE`, `CL_MEM_WRITE_ONLY`,
 `CL_MEM_READ_ONLY`, `CL_MEM_USE_HOST_PTR`,
 `CL_MEM_ALLOC_HOST_PTR`, `CL_MEM_COPY_HOST_PTR`

Copy Between Image and Buffer Objects [5.2.7]

`cl_int` **clEnqueueCopyImageToBuffer** (
 `cl_command_queue` *command_queue*,
 `cl_mem` *src_image*, `cl_mem` *dst_buffer*,
 `const size_t` *src_origin*[3], `const size_t` *region*[3],
 `size_t` *dst_offset*, `cl_uint` *num_events_in_wait_list*,
 `const cl_event*` *event_wait_list*, `cl_event*` *event*)

`cl_int` **clEnqueueCopyBufferToImage** (
 `cl_command_queue` *command_queue*,
 `cl_mem` *src_buffer*, `cl_mem` *dst_image*,
 `size_t` *src_offset*, `const size_t` *dst_origin*[3],
 `const size_t` *region*[3],
 `cl_uint` *num_events_in_wait_list*,
 `const cl_event*` *event_wait_list*, `cl_event*` *event*)

Sampler Objects [5.3]

`cl_sampler` **clCreateSampler** (`cl_context` *context*,
 `cl_bool` *normalized_coords*,
 `cl_addressing_mode` *addressing_mode*,
 `cl_filter_mode` *filter_mode*, `cl_int*` *errcode_ret*)

`cl_int` **clRetainSampler** (`cl_sampler` *sampler*)

`cl_int` **clReleaseSampler** (`cl_sampler` *sampler*)

Sampler Declaration Fields [6.11.8.1]

The sampler can be passed as an argument to the kernel using `clSetKernelArg`, or it can be a constant variable of type `sampler_t` declared in the program source.

`const sampler_t` <*sampler-name*> =
 <*normalized-mode*> | <*address-mode*> |
 <*filter-mode*>

normalized-mode:
 `CLK_NORMALIZED_COORDS_TRUE`,
 `CLK_NORMALIZED_COORDS_FALSE`

filter-mode:
 `CLK_FILTER_NEAREST`, `CLK_FILTER_LINEAR`

address-mode:
 `CLK_ADDRESS_REPEAT`,
 `CLK_ADDRESS_CLAMP_TO_EDGE`,
 `CLK_ADDRESS_CLAMP`, `CLK_ADDRESS_NONE`

Image Access Qualifiers [6.6]

Apply to image `image2d_t` and `image3d_t` types to declare if the image memory object is being read or written by a kernel.

`__read_only`, `read_only`
 `__write_only`, `write_only`

Map and Unmap Image Objects [5.2.8]

`void*` **clEnqueueMapImage** (
 `cl_command_queue` *command_queue*,
 `cl_mem` *image*, `cl_bool` *blocking_map*,
 `cl_map_flags` *map_flags*, `const size_t` *origin*[3],
 `const size_t` *region*[3], `size_t*` *image_row_pitch*,
 `size_t*` *image_slice_pitch*,
 `cl_uint` *num_events_in_wait_list*,
 `const cl_event*` *event_wait_list*,
 `cl_event*` *event*, `cl_int*` *errcode_ret*)

Read, Write, Copy Image Objects [5.2.6]

`cl_int` **clEnqueueReadImage** (
 `cl_command_queue` *command_queue*,
 `cl_mem` *image*, `cl_bool` *blocking_read*,
 `const size_t` *origin*[3], `const size_t` *region*[3],
 `size_t` *row_pitch*, `size_t` *slice_pitch*, `void*` *ptr*,
 `cl_uint` *num_events_in_wait_list*,
 `const cl_event*` *event_wait_list*, `cl_event*` *event*)

`cl_int` **clEnqueueWriteImage** (
 `cl_command_queue` *command_queue*,
 `cl_mem` *image*, `cl_bool` *blocking_write*,
 `const size_t` *origin*[3], `const size_t` *region*[3],
 `size_t` *input_row_pitch*, `size_t` *input_slice_pitch*,
 `const void*` *ptr*, `cl_uint` *num_events_in_wait_list*,
 `const cl_event*` *event_wait_list*, `cl_event*` *event*)

`cl_int` **clEnqueueCopyImage** (
 `cl_command_queue` *command_queue*,
 `cl_mem` *src_image*, `cl_mem` *dst_image*,
 `const size_t` *src_origin*[3], `const size_t` *dst_origin*[3],
 `const size_t` *region*[3],
 `cl_uint` *num_events_in_wait_list*,
 `const cl_event*` *event_wait_list*, `cl_event*` *event*)

Query Image Objects [5.2.9]

`cl_int` **clGetMemObjectInfo** (`cl_mem` *memobj*,
 `cl_mem_info` *param_name*,
 `size_t` *param_value_size*, `void*` *param_value*,
 `size_t*` *param_value_size_ret*)

param_name: `CL_MEM_TYPE`, `CL_MEM_SIZE`,
 `CL_MEM_FLAGS`, `CL_MEM_READ_ONLY`,
 `CL_MEM_HOST_PTR`, `CL_MEM_MAP_COUNT`,
 `CL_MEM_REFERENCE_COUNT`, `CL_MEM_CONTEXT`

`cl_int` **clGetImageInfo** (`cl_mem` *image*,
 `cl_image_info` *param_name*,
 `size_t` *param_value_size*, `void*` *param_value*,
 `size_t*` *param_value_size_ret*)

param_name: `CL_IMAGE_FORMAT`,
 `CL_IMAGE_ELEMENT_SIZE`, `CL_IMAGE_ROW_PITCH`,
 `CL_IMAGE_SLICE_PITCH`, `CL_IMAGE_HEIGHT`,
 `CL_IMAGE_WIDTH`, `CL_IMAGE_DEPTH`

`cl_int` **clGetSamplerInfo** (`cl_sampler` *sampler*,
 `cl_sampler_info` *param_name*,
 `size_t` *param_value_size*, `void*` *param_value*,
 `size_t*` *param_value_size_ret*)

param_value: `CL_SAMPLER_REFERENCE_COUNT`,
 `CL_SAMPLER_CONTEXT`,
 `CL_SAMPLER_FILTER_MODE`,
 `CL_SAMPLER_ADDRESSING_MODE`,
 `CL_SAMPLER_NORMALIZED_COORDS`

Image Formats [5.2.4.1, 9.8]

Supported image formats: `image_channel_order` with `image_channel_data_type`.

Built-in support:

`CL_RGBA`: `CL_HALF_FLOAT`, `CL_FLOAT`, `CL_UNORM_INT8`[16],
 `CL_SIGNED_INT8`[16]32], `CL_UNSIGNED_INT8`[16]32]

`CL_BGRA`: `CL_UNORM_INT8`

Optional support:

`CL_R`, `CL_A`: `CL_HALF_FLOAT`, `CL_FLOAT`,
 `CL_UNORM_INT8`[16], `CL_SIGNED_INT8`[16]32],
 `CL_UNSIGNED_INT8`[16]32], `CL_SNORM_INT8`[16]

`CL_INTENSITY`: `CL_HALF_FLOAT`, `CL_FLOAT`,
 `CL_UNORM_INT8`[16], `CL_SNORM_INT8`[16]

`CL_LUMINANCE`: `CL_UNORM_INT8`[16], `CL_HALF_FLOAT`,
 `CL_FLOAT`, `CL_SNORM_INT8`[16]

`CL_RG`, `CL_RA`: `CL_HALF_FLOAT`, `CL_FLOAT`,
 `CL_UNORM_INT8`[16], `CL_SIGNED_INT8`[16]32],
 `CL_UNSIGNED_INT8`[16]32], `CL_SNORM_INT8`[16]

`CL_RGB`: `CL_UNORM_SHORT` [555]565],
 `CL_UNORM_INT` 101010

`CL_ARGB`: `CL_UNORM_INT8`, `CL_SIGNED_INT8`,
 `CL_UNSIGNED_INT8`, `CL_SNORM_INT8`

`CL_BGRA`: `CL_SIGNED_INT8`, `CL_UNSIGNED_INT8`,
 `CL_SNORM_INT8`

OpenCL™ API 1.0 Quick Reference Card: Graphics

Image Read and Write Built-in Functions [6.11.8, 9.8]

The built-in functions defined in this section can only be used with image memory objects created with `clCreateImage2D` or `clCreateImage3D`. **OPT** = Optional function.

| | | |
|--|--|--|
| <code>float4 read_imagef (image2d_t image, sampler_t sampler, int2 coord)</code> <code>float4 read_imagef (image2d_t image, sampler_t sampler, float2 coord)</code> <code>int4 read_imagei (image2d_t image, sampler_t sampler, int2 coord)</code> <code>int4 read_imagei (image2d_t image, sampler_t sampler, float2 coord)</code> <code>unsigned int4 read_imageui (image2d_t image, sampler_t sampler, int2 coord)</code> <code>unsigned int4 read_imageui (image2d_t image, sampler_t sampler, float2 coord)</code> | | Read an element from a 2D image. <i>sampler</i> specifies the addressing and filtering mode to use. |
| <code>half4 read_imageh (image2d_t image, sampler_t sampler, int2 coord)</code> OPT <code>half4 read_imageh (image2d_t image, sampler_t sampler, float2 coord)</code> OPT | | |
| <code>void write_imagef (image2d_t image, int2 coord, float4 color)</code> <code>void write_imagei (image2d_t image, int2 coord, int4 color)</code> <code>void write_imageui (image2d_t image, int2 coord, unsigned int4 color)</code> | | Write <i>color</i> value to (<i>x, y</i>) location specified by <i>coord</i> in the 2D image |
| <code>void write_imageh (image2d_t image, int2 coord, half4 color)</code> OPT | | |
| <code>float4 read_imagef (image3d_t image, sampler_t sampler, int4 coord)</code> <code>float4 read_imagef (image3d_t image, sampler_t sampler, float4 coord)</code> <code>int4 read_imagei (image3d_t image, sampler_t sampler, int4 coord)</code> <code>int4 read_imagei (image3d_t image, sampler_t sampler, float4 coord)</code> <code>unsigned int4 read_imageui (image3d_t image, sampler_t sampler, int4 coord)</code> <code>unsigned int4 read_imageui (image3d_t image, sampler_t sampler, float4 coord)</code> | | Read an element from a 3D image. <i>sampler</i> specifies the addressing and filtering mode to use. |
| <code>half4 read_imageh (image3d_t image, sampler_t sampler, int4 coord)</code> OPT <code>half4 read_imageh (image3d_t image, sampler_t sampler, float4 coord)</code> OPT | | |
| <code>int get_image_width (image2d_t image)</code> <code>int get_image_width (image3d_t image)</code> | | 2D or 3D image width in pixels |
| <code>int get_image_height (image2d_t image)</code> <code>int get_image_height (image3d_t image)</code> | | 2D or 3D image height in pixels |
| <code>int get_image_depth (image3d_t image)</code> | | 3D image depth in pixels |
| <code>int get_image_channel_data_type (image2d_t image)</code> <code>int get_image_channel_data_type (image3d_t image)</code> | | image channel data type |
| <code>int get_image_channel_order (image2d_t image)</code> <code>int get_image_channel_order (image3d_t image)</code> | | image channel order |
| <code>int2 get_image_dim (image2d_t image)</code> | | 2D image width and height |
| <code>int4 get_image_dim (image3d_t image)</code> | | 3D image width, height, and depth |
| <code>void write_imageh (image3d_t image, int4 coord, half4 color)</code> OPT | | Writes <i>color</i> value to (<i>x, y, z</i>) location specified by <i>coord</i> in the 3D image. |
| <code>void write_imagef (image3d_t image, int4 coord, float4 color)</code> OPT <code>void write_imagei (image3d_t image, int4 coord, int4 color)</code> OPT <code>void write_imageui (image3d_t image, int4 coord, unsigned int4 color)</code> OPT | | Writes <i>color</i> at <i>coord</i> in the 3D image. Include this pragma to enable these functions: <code>#pragma OPENCL EXTENSION cl_khr_3d_image_writes : enable</code> |

OpenCL/OpenGL Sharing APIs [Appendix B]

Creating OpenCL memory objects from OpenGL objects using the functions `clCreateFromGLBuffer`, `clCreateFromGLTexture2D`, `clCreateFromGLTexture3D`, or `clCreateFromGLRenderbuffer` ensures that the underlying storage of that OpenGL object will not be deleted while the corresponding OpenCL memory object still exists. (Items shown in red are optional)

CL Buffer Objects > GL Buffer Objects [B.1.1]

`cl_mem clCreateFromGLBuffer (cl_context context, cl_mem_flags flags, GLuint bufobj, int *errcode_ret)`

flags: `CL_MEM_READ_ONLY`, `CL_MEM_WRITE_ONLY`, `CL_MEM_READ_WRITE`

gl_object_type: `CL_GL_OBJECT_BUFFER`, `CL_GL_OBJECT_TEXTURE2D`, `CL_GL_OBJECT_TEXTURE_RECTANGLE`, `CL_GL_OBJECT_TEXTURE3D`, `CL_GL_OBJECT_RENDERBUFFER`

`cl_int clGetGLTextureInfo (cl_mem memobj, cl_gl_texture_info param_name, size_t param_value_size, void *param_value, size_t *param_value_size_ret)`
param_name: `CL_GL_TEXTURE_TARGET`, `CL_GL_MIPMAP_LEVEL`

CL Image Objects > GL Textures [B.1.2]

`cl_mem clCreateFromGLTexture2D (cl_context context, cl_mem_flags flags, GLenum target, GLint miplevel, GLuint texture, int *errcode_ret)`

flags: (Same as for `clCreateFromGLBuffer`)

target: `GL_TEXTURE_2D`, `GL_TEXTURE_RECTANGLE`, `GL_TEXTURE_CUBE_MAP_POSITIVE_X | Y | Z`, `GL_TEXTURE_CUBE_MAP_NEGATIVE_X | Y | Z`

`cl_mem clCreateFromGLTexture3D (cl_context context, cl_mem_flags flags, GLenum target, GLint miplevel, GLuint texture, int *errcode_ret)`

flags: (Same as for `clCreateFromGLBuffer`)

target: `GL_TEXTURE_3D`

Share Objects [B.1.5]

`cl_int clEnqueueAcquireGLObjects (cl_command_queue command_queue, cl_uint num_objects, const cl_mem *mem_objects, cl_uint num_events_in_wait_list, const cl_event *event_wait_list, cl_event *event)`

`cl_int clEnqueueReleaseGLObjects (cl_command_queue command_queue, cl_uint num_objects, const cl_mem *mem_objects, cl_uint num_events_in_wait_list, const cl_event *event_wait_list, cl_event *event)`

CL Image Objects > GL Renderbuffers [B.1.3]

`cl_mem clCreateFromGLRenderbuffer (cl_context context, cl_mem_flags flags, GLuint renderbuffer, int *errcode_ret)`

flags: (Same as for `clCreateFromGLBuffer`)

Querying CL Devices in GL Context [9.11]

`cl_int clGetGLContextInfoKHR (const cl_context_properties *properties, cl_gl_context_info param_name, size_t param_value_size, void *param_value, size_t *param_value_size_ret)`
param_name: `CL_DEVICES_FOR_GL_CONTEXT_KHR`, `CL_CURRENT_DEVICE_FOR_GL_CONTEXT_KHR`

Query Information [B.1.4]

`cl_int clGetGLObjectInfo (cl_mem memobj, cl_gl_object_type *gl_object_type, GLuint *gl_object_name)`